

# A QUICK GUIDE TO ACADEMIC REFERENCING

## Part 1:

### 1. Academic Referencing for a Bachelor Thesis

1. What to Cite?
2. Plagiarism and Sensitivity
3. In-Text Citation
4. Bibliography

### 2. Citation Management Software

- We prefer an author-date style! See, e.g., an APA tutorial: <https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/560/1/>
- It is uncommon to provide page numbers, unless you are citing a specific part of a large body of literature (hundreds of pages) or you are quoting directly.
- Only use footnotes for comments; and sparingly!

- You have to cite all original ideas of other scholars.
- General information not attributable to a scholar (like the birthdate of Einstein) doesn't need a citation.
- You may quote (indicate with „...“) or paraphrase.
- Paraphrasing means to put another scholars idea in your own words.
- *Changing just a few words could be considered Plagiarism!*

- Plagiarism (stealing intellectual property) is a serious deception and is not tolerated!
- *Always use a citation if not sure!*
- Be careful to not use resources that have no peer review or a political tendency. For example: Personal Blogs, Homepages, Non-scientific Journals, Youtube Videos, ...
- *Wikipedia* can only be a starting point to structure your search in academic databases.

# In-Text Citation

## Single Author:

- Meyer (1991) claims that...
- ...empirical research found largely contradicting results (Meyer, 1992; Schneider, 1993).
- ...this assumption is false according to Meyer (1991a), as well as Meyer (1991b).

## Two Authors:

- Meyer and Schneider (1995) claim that...
- ...empirical research found largely contradicting results (Meyer & Schneider, 2005).

## Three to six Authors:

- *First citation:* (Meyer, Schneider, Müller, & Schmidt, 2008)
- *Subsequent citations:* (Meyer et al., 2008)



## Citing from a citation:

- Johnson argued that...(as cited in Smith, 2003, p. 102).
- Or: (Johnson, 2001, as cited in Smith, 2003, p. 102).

## No Author or Date:

- When the author is unknown, use the title of the text you cite from or the first few words of the paragraph.
- If no date is available, you can use the abbreviation ‘n.d.’ in your citation.

- Use direct citations sparingly!
- They are commonly needed when citing numbers/percentages and they must follow immediately after.
  - According to Jones (1998), "Students often had difficulty using APA style, especially when it was their first time" (p. 199).
  - ... 60% (Senoj, 1998, p. 199) of the Students to be precise.

- In order to keep the text flowing, you can use pronouns: Furthermore, the authors...; The study also highlights...
- When citing a whole paragraph, put the citation after the punctuation. However, the pronoun solution looks much better.
- This idea is strengthened by **Wang et al. (2013)**, who present autonomy as an important competence building factor for MNE subsidiaries from emerging markets that are located in developed economies. **They argue** that autonomy is a prerequisite to achieve a local learning process, helping emerging-market subsidiaries to overcome their home-country disadvantages. (Wang et al., 2013)

# Bibliography (References)

- It contains all the literature that you have cited.
- Do not include anything that is not indicated in the main text!
- The first two items are always the name and date.
- The list is sorted alphabetically and, in a second order, according to the publication date.

## Book:

Author, A. A. (Year of publication). *Title of work: Capital letter also for subtitle.* Location: Publisher.

## Chapter in an Edited Book:

Author, A. A., & Author, B. B. (Year of publication). Title of chapter. In A. A. Editor & B. B. Editor (Eds.), *Title of book* (pages of chapter). Location: Publisher.

## Article:

Author, A. A., Author, B. B., & Author, C. C. (Year). Title of article. *Title of Periodical, volume number*(issue number), pages.  
<http://dx.doi.org/xx.xxx/yyyy>

## Internet:

Author, A. A., & Author, B. B. (Date of publication). *Title of document.*  
Retrieved from <http://Web> address (on May 6, 2014).

## Citing from an interview:

Give name, position/degree and organization/department as precisely as possible. However, do respect privacy and, in particular, any anonymity requests. ***No reference needed in the Bibliography!***

E.g.: ... (Anonymous, personal communication, January 4, 2001).

Or: The following Section refers to an interview conducted with XY, who is the CEO of corporation Z, on April 1, 2015.

- CMS will take some time to learn but will give you that time back in the later stages of thesis writing!
- Popular examples are Refworks (available from the SUUB), EndNote and Mendeley.
- You can import citations directly from academic literature databases and sort them in your own ,library‘.
- More importantly, you can use this library to cite in MS Word with a few mouse clicks. A bibliography will be created automatically at the end of the document!